AN INVESTIGATION OF VARIABLE OPERATING AND SAFETY LEVEL (VOSL) STOCKING AND FUNDING POLICY

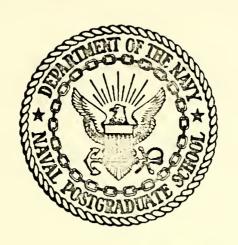
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THESIS

AN INVESTIGATION OF
VARIABLE OPERATING AND SAFETY LEVEL (VOSL)
STOCKING AND FUNDING POLICY

bу

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An Investigation of Variable Operating and Safety Level (VOSL) Stocking and Funding Policy

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ABSTRACT

Control in the management of stocks of retail material (DSA) at Navy stock points is exercised through a centrally administered stocking policy model (VOSL) and funding policy. The dynamic behavior of these controls operating on a stock point was investigated by computer simulation. simulation results indicate that under the most favorable circumstances, the value of resupply orders directed by the VOSL stocking model exceeded the grants made by the funding policy. Under less favorable, more realistic conditions, the difference between funding requirements and funding grants is more marked and supply performance degrades very significantly over time. The funding dilemma investigated in this study is well known to Navy stock points and they have devised various ways of attempting to deal with it. Significantly, even in a climate of insufficient funding, system stocking policies (VOSL) provide better performance than locally devised policies.

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

With the establishment of the Defense Supply Agency (DSA) wholesale operation, it was no longer possible for the Navy to maintain large quantities of backup stocks. However to maintain the desired levels of fleet support, a new scientific inventory management program for the various stock points was essential. This ultimately resulted in the Variable Operating and Safety Level - Requisitions Short Model (VOSL-RSM) for inventory control and the Financial Management (funding) policy in use today for 9-COG items.

The basic VOSL model was designed to find a trade off between concentrating investment in the high dollar demand categories or in the low dollar demand categories. Stated another way, the model finds a trade off between sales and line item effectiveness. The model was also constrained to allow a maximum of 2.5 months of stock on hand. This 2.5 months of stock on hand was composed of two parts. The first part, α , represents the portion of the inventory supporting demands while the second part, $(2.5 - \alpha)$, represents the portion of the inventory allocated as safety stock. The requisitions short modification to the original VOSL model seeks to improve requisition effectiveness by allocating the funds available for investment in safety stock.

This thesis investigates the adequacy of the stocking and funding policies from the users' point of view; the users



being stock points. Personal contact and discussion with a West Coast stock point (hereafter referred to as Stock Point A) concerning problems they were experiencing with VOSL-RSM provided the initial motivation for this study. Additional informal contact with several other stock points enhanced this motivation and provided strong indications that VOSL-RSM is not always operating as the stock points would desire.

One of the initial steps of this study was to obtain from the Fleet Material Support Office (FMSO) a Master Stock Point Record (MSPR) tape for Stock Point A dated January 1973. A random sample of 864 line items on this tape indicated a zero on hand balance for 50.7 percent of the sample. order position for these items could not be determined with any degree of accuracy since in many cases this data position on the tape was either zero filled or there was really nothing on order. In either event, some problem was clearly evident. Stock Point A indicated that their stock position had not significantly improved since the date of the MSPR tape, because sufficient funds were not available to utilize the optimal order quantities generated by VOSL-RSM. they were forced to constrain the value of inventory resupply requisitions in order to operate within funding limits; i.e., they had to ignore both the VOSL rules and the VOSL ANALYZER and invent their own rules. For example, some stock points have:

(1) placed a monetary limit of ten dollars on resupply requisitions



- (2) set order quantities to be equal to 30 days of forecasted demand
- (3) set reorder points to zero
- (4) modified stocking and replenishment criteria to stock and order only those items having at least six demands in six months.

Contact with people at the working level at Stock Point A revealed two widely separated views concerning the source/ cause of the problem. On one side, the financial management people argue that since funds are granted on a sales replacement basis an efficiently functioning stock control branch should be able to operate normally within the funding This argument ignores such factors as large limitations. increases in quantity of demand, increases in lead time, inflation, and bad buys. The last factor, bad buys, are unavoidable in most cases and can be a real crippler even when countered with a super aggressive excessing policy. Unless a stock point is fortunate enough to have a clairvoyant stock control officer who can predict demand on individual line items with complete certainty, the bad buy problem can only get worse.

To return to the other side of the house, the stock control people contend that funds are never adequate and when funds are reduced for any reason, the on hand stock position is degraded. This ultimately will reduce sales and correspondingly reduce the funds available for stock replacement. The arguments offered by both sides reflect the opinions most often heard in support or defense of any inventory/funding policy. Although the arguments of both sides have



some merit they are by no means a mutually exclusive, collectively exhaustive set.

B. EXISTING SYSTEM

The existing system for the management of 9-COG items is comprised of two basic policies; a stocking policy and a funding policy.

1. Stocking Policy

The stocking policy considered in this study is the existing VOSL model discussed in Ref. 1 which operates on a 2.5 month average investment level constraint. This model divides the inventory of a stock point into ten classes according to value of annual demand. The value of annual demand configuration determines the average operating level investment, α , and enables the model to compute optimal order quantities, g's. The "Requisitions Short" capability is provided by the modification to the basic VOSL model discussed in Ref. 2. This modification utilizes the previously determined α and allocates the remaining investment $(2.5 - \alpha)$ in safety stocks. This allocation is accomplished on an item by item basis and considers unit cost, frequency, order quantity, demand forecast and risk of stockout. After the safety level investment allocations are made, safety levels and reorder points are computed.

In actual operation of the VOSL-RSM there are two basic portions of the program with the first portion managed and operated by FMSO, and the second portion operated by the individual stock points. Initially the FMSO portion of the



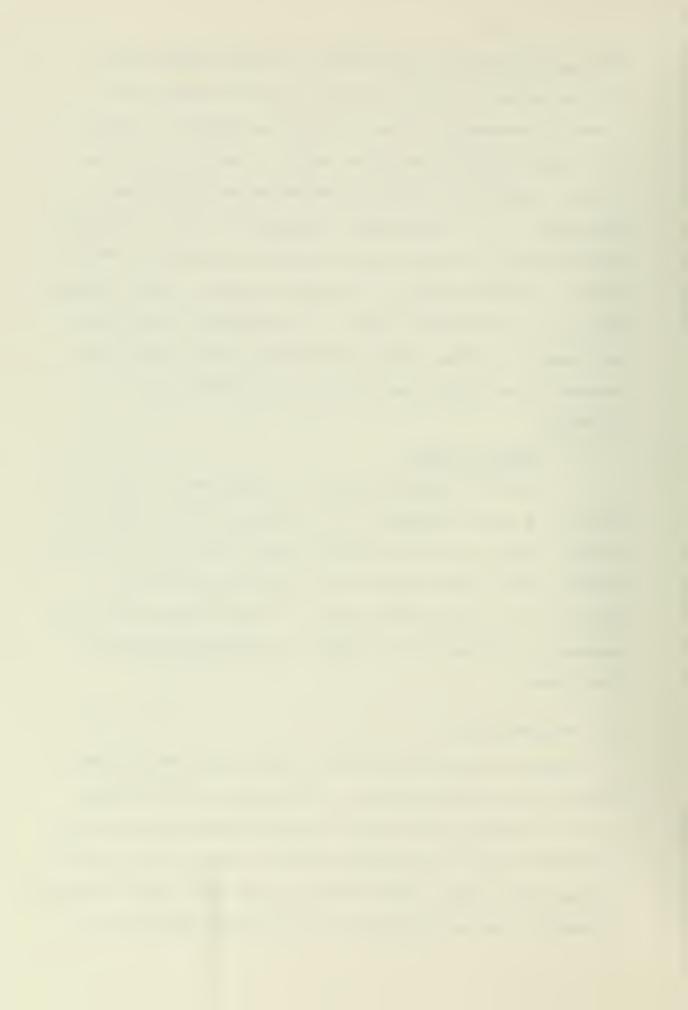
VOSL program begins with a value of annual demand (VAD) listing which is a list of stock points' entire active inventory ordered in terms of VAD from highest to lowest. The program divides the stock points' inventory into ten classes according to VAD and determines an appropriate multiplier, λ ', as discussed in Appendix B. The individual stock points then take this information provided by FMSO as inputs to their portion of the VOSL program. Their program places each individual item in its appropriate VAD class and computes optimal order quantities, safety levels and reorder points which the stock point requires for operation.

2. Funding Policy

The VOSL funding policy, as described in Ref. 3, is based on a moving average of the previous four quarters of issues, months of active stock on hand, fiscal year to date (FYTD) issues, FYTD funding and a draw-down policy for material in a long supply status. These items provide the necessary information to compute a recommended quarterly fund grant.

C. PROBLEM AREAS

There are numerous potential and/or existing problem areas in the current system. For example, the stocking policy is based on an average two and one-half month stock investment while the funding policy is based on the sales of the prior years. This seems to ve a very loose connection. It should also be noted that both the VOSL-RSM stocking



policy and the existing funding policy are rather rigid and little if any allowance is made for (1) changing demand patterns, (2) inflation, (3) bad buys, (4) increased lead times; etc. Specifically for (1) and (4), both funding and stocking the models react or adapt, but only in a painfully slow, after-the-fact manner. That is, in a tight money situation, if demand begins to increase there will not be sufficient funds to stock quantities to support the new requirement. Thus, sales will not be made, and, consequently, no increase in funding will be recieved, the following quarter. The standard rebuttal to this type argument is that the increased demand for some items will be offset by reduced demands for other items and things tend to even out in the long run. A sequence of factors as described above could (and, in fact, does) place the stock points in an increasingly untenable situation with respect to their inventory positions. In addition funding inflexibility has driven stock points to invent and implement their own stocking replenishment rules - ignoring both VOSL and the VOSL ANALYZER.

D. STUDY OBJECTIVES

The primary hypothesis of this study is that the existing VOSL-RSM stocking policy used in conjunction with the existing funding policy will not operate as designed in a dynamic "real world" environment. The secondary hypothesis is that the inventory position and effectiveness measures of

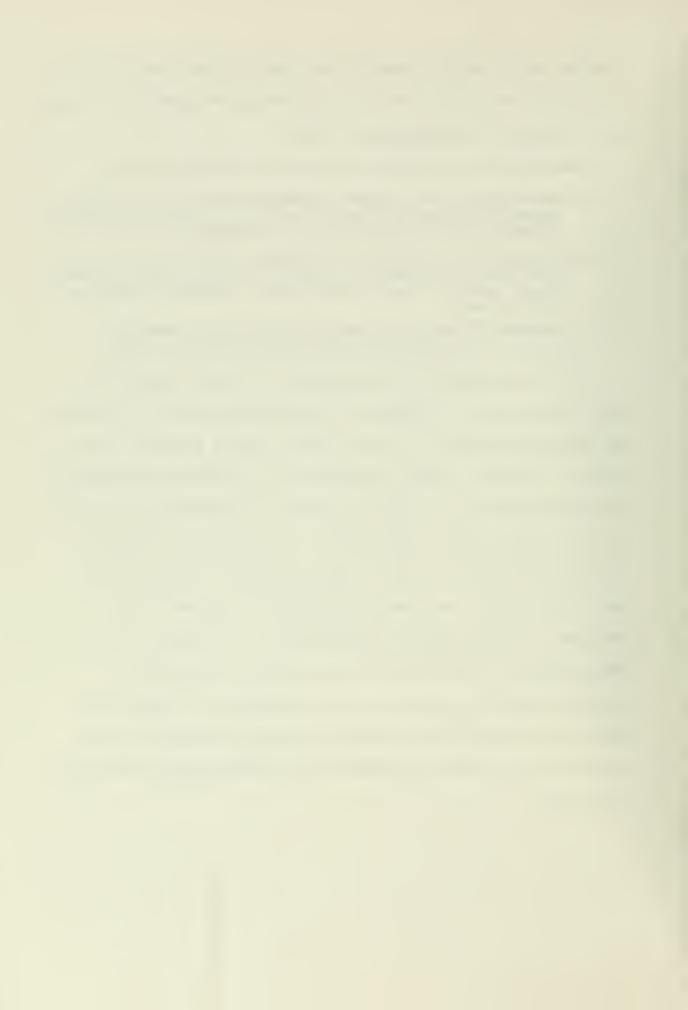


a stock point using a local, less than optimal, stocking policy will be much worse than following VOSL-RSM rules even in a climate of insufficient funds.

Specifically, the objectives of this study are to:

- (1) determine if the current funding policy for 9-COG items provides sufficient funds to allow the VOSL-RSM stocking policy to operate as planned;
- (2) determine the effects on funding, effectiveness, etc. when the stock point is limited to the use of actual funds granted when using optimal VOSL-RSM stocking policy; and
- (3) repeat (2) using a locally constrained stocking policy instead of the VOSL-RSM stocking policy

The general method of achieving the study objectives will be by means of computer simulations designed to reflect the daily operation of a stock point over a period of ten years. The stock point operations to be simulated include not only the daily receipt and issue of materials, but also an excessing program, migration of items from an inactive to active status and vice versa, increases in unit prices due to inflation, and the stock points' portion of the VOSL-RSM stocking policy calculations. In addition the FMSO portion of VOSL-RSM stocking policy and funding calculations are included in the simulation. Underlying this was the desire to demonstrate such phenomena as the direction and orders of magnitude of performance indicators over time.



II. MODEL

A. DATA

As previously indicated, the initializing data for all simulation runs was "real world" data obtained from the MSPR tape dated January 1973 of stock point A's. A computer program was written to dump the entire contents of the tape, relative to the first 3,400 9-COG items, in order to determine which data elements would be useful. This was necessary since some data elements were known to be filled with either blanks or zeros. As a result of this determination, the data fields selected for use in the simulation were (1) on hand quantity, (2) quantity of demand during the previous four quarters, (3) frequency of demand during the previous four quarters, (4) unit price, (5) Mean Absolute Deviation (MAD) of demand, and (6) lead time. It was decided arbitrarily that a sample of 300 items from the tape would be sufficient for simulation purposes. Thus for each simulation run a uniformly distributed random sample was drawn from the 3,400 items on the tape by means of a uniform discrete random number generator initialized by a different random number seed for each run. The seeds were selected at random from a table of random numbers.

The six data elements for each of the 300 items selected for a simulation run were used to initialize and compute all required data for the simulations. Unit price, demand and frequency were used to establish initial stocking and

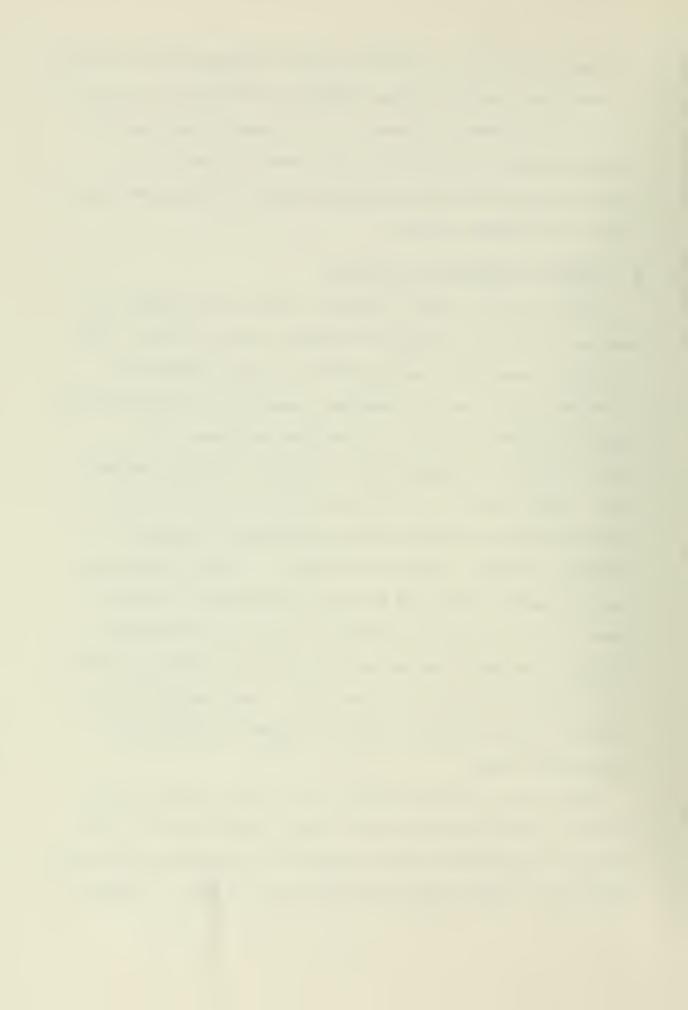


funding policies. The demand and MAD elements were utilized to establish the Stuttering Poisson distribution, which was used, as discussed in Appendix A, to generate ten years of demand history. The lead time was used to arrive at a measure of number of back-orders, number of back-order days, and to set reorder points.

B. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF MODEL

The simulation model initially selects 300 numbers at random, uniformly distributed between one and 3,400. The six data elements for each 9-COG item on the MSPR tape corresponding to the 300 selected numbers were read from the tape and stored in one of two working matrices; i.e., matrix IDATA for integer data and matrix DATA for decimal data. Since there is a positive probability that the uniform discrete random number generator may generate duplicate numbers, the actual number of items selected was somewhat smaller than 300 but was never smaller than 287 items. At this point one-third of the items previously selected were again subjected to a random, uniform selection to be coded as items of active stock. The remaining two-thirds of the items were held in reserve and coded as not-carried items.

The value of annual demand for all items coded active was then calculated and optimal order quantities for each item were calculated in the parameters calculation subroutine (Subroutine PARAM) under the guidelines of Ref. 1. Safety



levels were then calculated in the safety level computation routine (Subroutine SAFLEV) under the guidelines of Ref. 2. See Appendix B for a discussion of the method of calculating safety levels using λ .

At this point, a critical assumption of constant lead time was made to facilitate the rapid calculation of reorder points. Contact with the stock point whose data was on the MSPR tape indicated that the lead time data element of the tape contained the most recent lead time experienced by each item. It is that value that was used for the lead time in the simulations.

The next step of the simulation was to calculate the recommended, quarterly VOSL program funding in the funding subroutine (Subroutine BUCKS) under the guidelines of Ref.

3. Since funding is based on dollar value of issues, it was also assumed that the dollar value of demands equals the dollar value of issues. This assumption was applied only to the first four quarters of the simulation since demands and issues were recorded separately once the simulation began.

A decision was also made at this point to calculate dollars of fund reduction due to long supply based on the percentage method of Ref. 3 rather than by Stratification.

Recent observations of stock point A indicates that approximately ten percent of their total number of carried items become inactive due to declining demands over a year's time, and approximately the same number of not-carried items qualify for stocking. Based on this observation, at the



beginning of each simulation year, ten percent of the active items were selected to become inactive over the course of the year. Again a random uniform selection as to which quarter of the year each item would become inactive was made, and at the first of the selected quarter, demand was set equal to zero. A similar procedure was followed to select a like number of not-carried items to begin experiencing demand during the selected quarter of the year.

The simulation then used the Stuttering Poisson distribution as a vehicle to calculate time until next demand and quantity of next demand. The use of the Stuttering Poisson is a major assumption which ultimately means that the times between demands are independent, identically distributed as the exponential distribution, and that the quantity demanded is distributed geometrically. Two artificialities were introduced into the simulation; first, time to next demand was constrained to be greater than or equal to one day and second, quantity of demand was constrained to integer values between one and ten thousand to eliminate unrealistically high demands.

In as much as the data elements of the MSPR tape indicated that the inventory position of the majority of the items was less than optimal; the program was designed to allow the user the choice of (1) bringing the inventory position to a point between the reorder point and the requisition objective, or (2) leaving the inventory position "as is" to begin the simulation. This is accomplished by



the insertion/removal of the card calling Subroutine REORDR in the main program. The user of the program also has the option of utilizing the calculated VOSL optimal order quantity, or constraining the order quantity to any desired level by the insertion/removal of cards in the issue subroutine (Subroutine DISSU).

One additional assumption was made concerning unit price of the items. It was assumed that all items were standard stock to be processed at standard price; however, in order to approximate more closely the current economic environment, unit price was increased 2.5 percent the first day of each quarter. The figure of 2.5 percent is based on the current government cost of capital and inflation which is approximately ten percent annually. It is recognized that an increase in unit price of 2.5 percent applied quarterly, biases the annual percentage rate upwards from 10 percent to approximately 10.4 percent. This is not significantly different from the real world situation of fluctuating inflation. However, in the analysis of the simulation results, one can not consider the absolute value of dollar differences alone, but must also consider the percentage of difference between ten year totals of funds vs. sales. These percentages should remain stable since the inflation increases were applied on a constant basis.

In the day to day simulation of ten years of operation the following three principles were used:



- 1. When a demand is processed, resupply, if required, is initiated immediately, and when an outstanding resupply order is received, outstanding backorders are filled immediately.
- 2. Receipts are always processed before demands when they occur on the same day.
- 3. The ten years of simulation are ma on the premise of 30 day months, 91 day quarters and 364 day years.

At this point the 10 year simulation began by comparing the earliest event time where an event was considered to be a demand or receipt of a resupply order. The earliest event was processed in either the receipt of a resupply requisition subroutine (Subroutine RECPT) or the issue subroutine. In Subroutine RECPT, the receipt of the outstanding resupply order was processed, outstanding backorders, when existing, were filled and on hand stock position was updated. Subroutine DISSUE the demands for stock were filled or backordered if the on hand balance was insufficient to meet the Time and quantity of next demand were updated for the item which had completed processing of the current demand and a resupply order was generated when necessary. assumptions which were made should be noted at this point. First, there are no lost sales since partial issues are made when the quantity of demand exceeds on hand balance and the unfilled portion of the quantity demanded is placed on backorder. Some exceptions to this assumption were made for the second, third, fourth and fifth type runs discussed in the following section. The assumption was relaxed when and if, on a quarterly basis, the point was reached where the dollar value of the backorder would exceed the remaining



balance of funds available. The items which would have been treated as backorders in this case were counted as lost sales. The second assumption was that stock replenishments were to be computed as multiples of the computed economic VOSL order quantity, q*. A multiplier of q* (an integer value constrained between zero and two hundred) was determined in order to insure that the inventory position was increased to a point between the reorder point and the requisition objective when a resupply action was necessary.

After processing the earliest event in the applicable subroutine, control was returned to the main program where the determination of the next earliest event time was made. A check was made to determine if the current earliest time places the simulation in the next quarter of the year and/or the next simulation year. When the next quarter was reached, Subroutine ENDQTR was called to compute the fund grant for the following quarter, update the changes required in the active/inactive items and compute the value of excess stock on hand. Two additional assumptions were made at this point. First, for items scheduled to be coded inactive, the quantity of demand was set to zero at day one of the quarter in which the item becomes inactive. The on hand quantity was maintained "as is" for three quarters of a year before being set to zero during the fourth quarter of being coded inactive. The rationale behind this time span was obtained from Stock Point A where, in their estimation, it takes two quarters of zero demand to recognize an inactive item;



another quarter to declare the item excess, process required paper work and receive disposition instructions; and sometime in the following (fourth) quarter the stock is removed from inventory. It must be noted that there was no reimbursement of funds to the stock point for excessed items made in the simulation. Based on point A's information concerning reimbursement as a percentage of the inventory value of items excessed and the dollar value of items actually excessed in the simulation there would be no significant effect on the results of the simulation. second assumption was that when an active coded item did not experience sufficient demand and frequency to remain active, the item was considered to fall in the insurance item category and remained in the inventory as an active item. This assumption appears to be valid since ten percent of the inventory has previously been coded to become inactive during the year (based on the estimate of Stock Point A) and a perusal of the simulation results indicate that an insignificant number of items with low dollar value fall in the insurance item category in any year.

At the end of each simulation year, parameters were recomputed based on the actual simulation issues and demands of the previous four quarters, and a new fund grant was computed for the simulation to continue into the next year.

C. DESCRIPTION OF TRIALS

Five basic types of simulations were run with each type being run three times with different random number seeds to provide results for different data samples.



The first type simulation run was designated "VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL" since all calculations were made optimally as per the guidelines of Refs. 1, 2, and 3. This type run does not attempt to approximate actual happenings at a stock point but attempts to determine what would happen if orders were placed at the appropriate times and for the optimal quantities without being limited by a budget constraint. This is an implicit assumption that if and when additional funds are required for stock replenishment; the additional funds are made available. In as much as the inventory position obtained from the MSPR tape is not optimal, the inventory position was reset to a point between the reorder point and the requisition objective before beginning the time step through the ten years of simulated operation. During the course of the ten years simulated operation, all calculations related to stocking and funding policies were made optimally. The significant points in this type simulation, as in all other types of simulations run, are (1) an inflation factor which increases unit price 2.5% on day one of each quarter, (2) an excessing policy which approximates the current policy in use at Stock Point A, (3) constant lead times, and (4) the use of the STUTTERING POISSON distribution to compute times and quantities of demand. At the completion of ten years of simulated operation, various statistics and data were printed for analysis and comparison.

The second type simulation run was designated "VOSL-RSM MODIFIED". This type run was identical to the first type



except for the following three modifications: (1) the dollar value of resupply orders placed each quarter was constrained to be less than or equal to the available funds, (2) the demand was treated as a lost sale, if and when, in any quarter, there were insufficient funds available to backorder stock to meet an existing demand, and (3) surplus funds were expended on resupply orders if and when surplus funds were available on the last day of the quarter. The significant points as discussed for the first type run remained the same for this type run. At the completion of ten years of simulated operation various statistics and data were again printed for analysis and comparison.

The third type simulation run was designated "MOD" since optimal VOSL stocking policies were not used; however, the method of calculating funds under the VOSL system was maintained. This type run was designed to represent an approximate model of the general policies used at Stock Point A; thus, the inventory position at the beginning of the simulation remained exactly as shown on the MSPR tape. The modifications to the optimal policies for this type run were:

(1) resupply orders were constrained in quantity to provide a maximum inventory position of thirty days forecasted demand,

(2) the demand was treated as a lost sale if and when, in any quarter, there were insufficient funds available to back-order stock to meet an existing demand, (3) resupply orders were generated only when the inventory position of any item was found to be less than or equal to zero, (4) the surplus



funds were expended on resupply orders if and when, in any quarter, surplus funds were available on the last day of the quarter, and (5) the dollar value of resupply orders placed each quarter was constrained to be less than or equal to available funds. Again the significant points discussed for the first type run remained the same, and at the end of ten years simulated operation, statistics and data were printed for analysis.

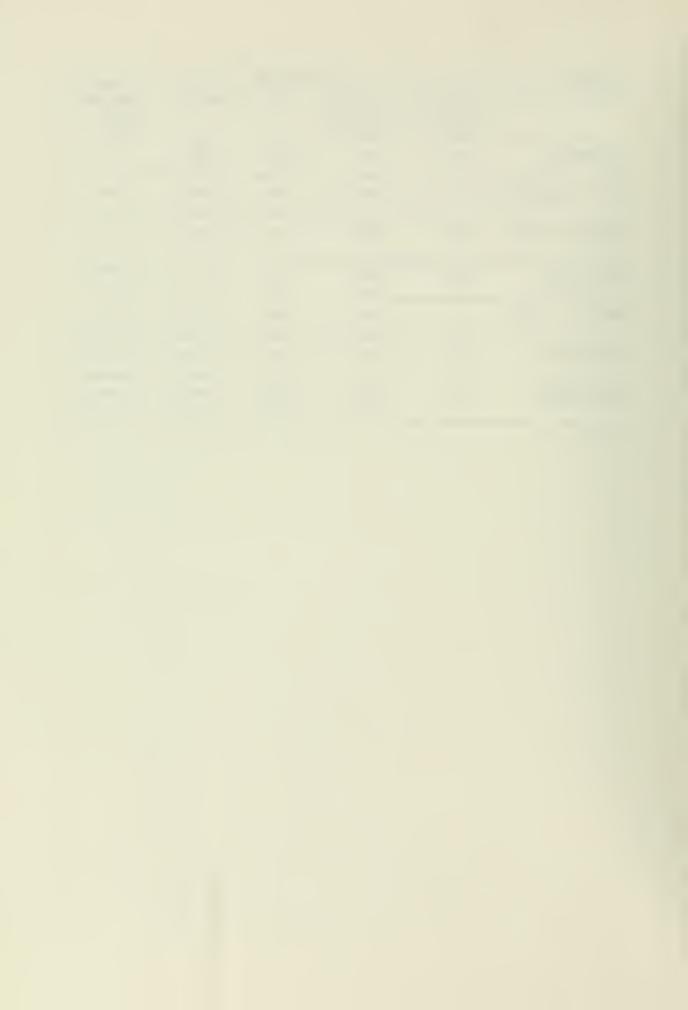
The fourth type of simulation run was designated "MOD2". This run was identical to the third type run (MOD) with the exception that the inventory position at the beginning of the simulation run was placed at a point between the reorder point and the requisition objective prior to beginning the time step portion of the run; i.e., there was an initial fix. Everything else in this type run was exactly the same as in the third type run.

The fifth and final type of simulation run was designated "VOSL-RSM MOD2". This run was identical to the second type run (VOSL-RSM MODIFIED) with the exception that the inventory position at the beginning of the simulation run remained exactly as shown on the MSPR tape; i.e., no initial fix. Everything else in this type run was exactly the same as the second type run.

The purpose of the initial fix or initial order to correct inventory position deficiencies was to determine if the one-time expenditure of funds made any significant difference in the end results of the simulations.



FEATURE	TYPE OF RUN				
	VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL	VOSL-RSM MODIFIED	MOD	MOD2	VOSL-RSM MOD2
INFLATION	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
FUND CONSTRAINT	no	yes	yes	yes	yes
INITIAL ORDER	yes	yes	no	yes	no
VOSL RULES	yes	yes	no	no	yes
POINT A RULES	no	no	yes	yes	no
BACKORDERS	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes
LOST SALES	no	yes	yes	yes	yes



III. ANALYSIS OF SIMULATION RESULTS

Before beginning any type of analysis it seems proper to briefly review the salient points common to all types of simulation runs. These points are:

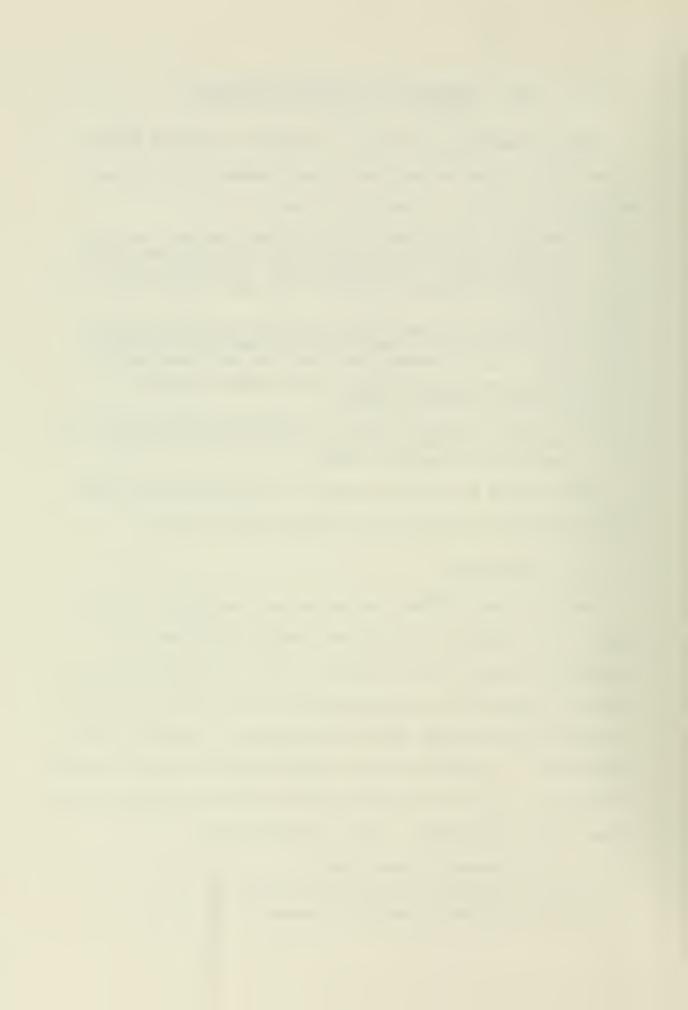
- (1) Constant lead time for each item; however, the lead times are uniformly distributed about the mean due to Stock Point A's procedure of recording most recently observed lead time for each item on the MSPR tape.
- (2) Stuttering Poisson process for generating time and quantity of next demand, which implies a constant mean rate of demand over the ten year simulation.
- (3) A reasonable excessing policy based on actual practice at Stock Point A.
- (4) A fixed inflation factor of 2.5% which increases unit price on a quarterly basis and thus affects both issues and resupply orders.

The results of the five types of simulations described in the previous section are now discussed in turn.

A. VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL

The VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation was designed to determine if the optimal stocking and funding policies are compatible under ideal conditions. This required the dollar value of orders to be unconstrained by funds, but the value of orders versus funds would be compared at the end of the simulation. In addition, this type simulation also provided a base line as to what effectiveness and work load should be under ideal conditions. These measures were:

- (1) total number of backorders,
- (2) total number of backorder days, and
- (3) total number of resupply orders.



The simulation results for the three different inventory samples used in the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL type simulations showed that, in each case, the value of resupply orders exceeded funds generated. On the average, fund grants were 96.2% of the value of resupply orders and the range of this difference was from 95.1% to 96.8%.

It is recognized that the percentage difference between funds and resupply orders is small, however, any increase in lead times, demand rates, inflation or a less aggressive excessing policy would serve to increase the difference.

Even though the percentage difference seems small the magnitude of the difference, which was \$17,141, must also be investigated.

Since both the stocking and funding policies operate on the premise of 2.5 months of stock on hand, the value of the on hand inventory can be approximated by calculating the average monthly value of issues (approximately equal to the value of monthly demands for this type simulation) and then multiplying this figure by 2.5 months. This value was calculated to be \$9,238. Thus the percentage of difference which initially seemed quite small takes on more significance, and it is clear from the above calculations that the magnitude of the difference represents a value equivalent to a loss of 185.5% of the value of on hand inventory. The range of this loss for the three stock samples was from 154% to 245%. It must be recognized that the small percentage difference or shortfall in fund grants is somewhat misleading.



This is because orders were placed optimally at all times and in the quantities appropriate without regard to available funds. This produced additional on-hand stock which would not have been available under a fund constraint and this additional stock in turn provided the base for increased sales. The increased issues then generated increases in fund grants. Even with this ultra optimistic approach there was still a short fall in fund grants. Recognize also that there is no real loss of inventory, but rather a quantitative measure of the short fall in fund grants.

B. VOSL-RSM MODIFIED

Since the additional funds which would be required to operate the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation model would not normally be available, the VOSL-RSM MODIFIED simulation was run to determine the effect of constrained funding. This was accomplished by changing the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation to include the additional constraint that on a quarterly basis, the dollar value of resupply orders must be less than or equal to the dollar value of available funds. The results of this simulation indicated that:

(1) The average funding of the VOSL-RSM MODIFIED simulation was equal to 86.2% of the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL funding. This 13.8% reduction in fund grants from the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation is the result of constraining dollar value of resupply orders to be less than or equal to the quarterly fund grants.

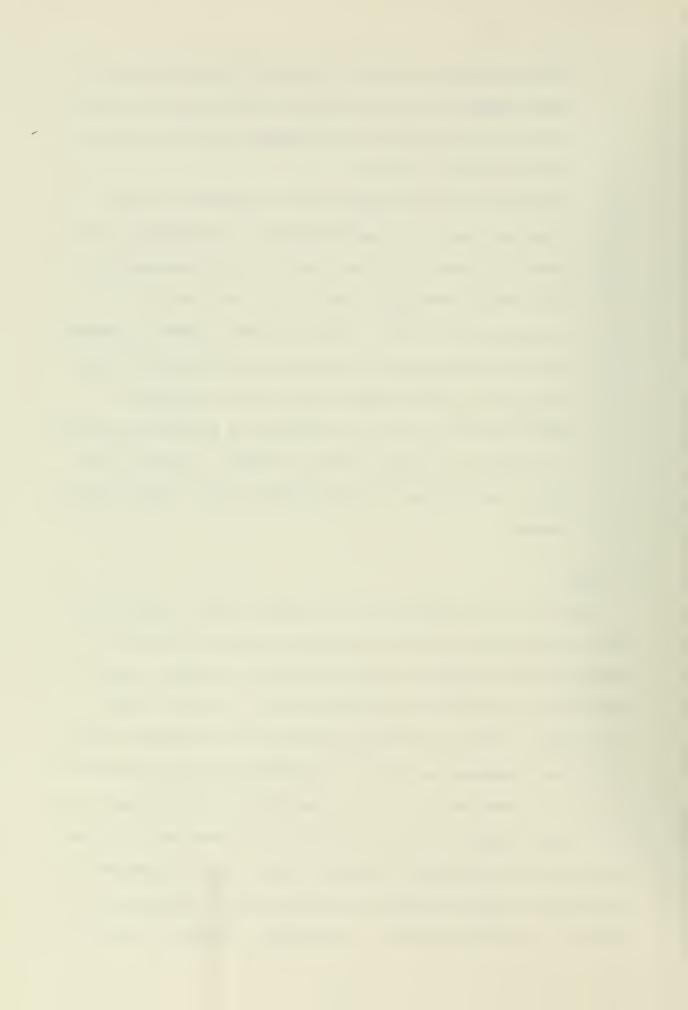


This constraint reduced on-hand inventory which in turn reduced sales. The reduced sales then reduced the following quarters fund grants and the cycle of events repeats itself.

- (2) Expected number of backorders increased by 62.6%.
- (3) Expected number of backorder days increased by 76.4%.
- (4) Expected number of stock control type transactions (processing resupply orders plus lost sales) increased by 49.4%. Lost sales were added to orders for determining the increase in transactions, since in the real world supply system the lost sale to VOSL-RSM must still be processed as a direct purchase or passed to another supply activity. Thus a lost sale does increase the work load of the stock control branch.

C. MOD

The third type simulation, designated MOD, approximates the stocking policy in use at Stock Point A and was run to determine the effects of operating under a rather severe factoring of optimal stocking policies. For this type simulation, initial inventory position at the start of the simulation remained as shown on the MSPR tape and there was no initial inventory fix. On a quarterly basis dollar value of resupply orders was constrained to be less than or equal to available funds, and resupply orders were constrained in quantity to allow a maximum inventory position equal to 30 days forecasted demand. In addition, resupply orders



were generated only when inventory position became less than or equal to zero. This is equivalent to a zero reorder point and a negative safety level. The results of this simulation were compared to the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation results and showed that:

- (1) Average funding was reduced to 68.6% of VOSL-RSM

 OPTIMAL funding. The severe reduction of funds was primarily due to the initial inventory position in which stock was unavailable for issue; thus there was a reduction in issues, which reduced funds, which reduced inventory, etc. With the ultimate end being a drastic reduction in funds.
- (2) Expected number of backorders increased by 376.4%.
- (3) Expected number of backorder days increased by 354%.
- (4) Expected number of stock control type transactions increased by 401.4%.

D. MOD2

The fourth type simulation run, designated MOD2, was designed to correspond directly to the second type simulation (VOSL-RSM MODIFIED) in order to determine the effects of a factored stocking policy. MOD2 is identical to VOSL-RSM MODIFIED with the exception of the stocking policy which was as described for the third type simulation (MOD). In addition, the MOD2 run serves to indicate what would happen if Stock Point A were allowed additional funds in order to bring the existing inventory position to a point between the



reorder point and requisition objective while continuing to operate under their current stocking policy.

The results of this type run indicate that the use of the factored stocking policy had the following effects when compared to VOSL-RSM MODIFIED simulation results:

- (1) Average funding increased to 104.4% of VOSL-RSM

 MODIFIED funding. The average funding increased,
 because fewer dollars were being placed into inventory
 by smaller q's and r's for items for which demand
 declined. Thus the loss due to "bad buys" was
 reduced. Also, due to the policy of negative safety
 level, more backorders were generated. This caused
 more issues to take place in a quarter following the
 resupply order. Thus, the issue was processed at a
 price higher than the resupply cost, increasing issues,
 fund grants, etc.
- (2) Expected number of backorders increased 239.1%.
- (3) Expected number of backorder days increased 221.0%.
- (4) Expected number of stock control type transactions increased 400.5%.

The results of the MOD2 run were also compared to the type three (MOD) simulation to determine the effect of a one-time fund grant used to place the inventory in an optimal position before beginning the simulation. The results of this comparison between the MOD and MOD2 runs are as follows:



- (1) Average funding increased to 131.2% of MOD funding.
 This increase is primarily due to the increased initial inventory position which allowed more issues, increased fund grants, etc.
- (2) Expected number of backorders decreased to 81.6% of MOD. This decrease in backorders and backorder days resulted because the initial inventory position fix was utilized to meet demands while available funds were utilized to replenish the on-hand inventory.
- (3) Expected number of backorder days decreased to 85.9% of MOD.
- (4) Expected number of stock control type transactions increased to 119.4% of MOD. The stock control transactions increased, because the additional funds generated by the increased initial inventory allowed placement of additional orders which, in turn, generated more funds, etc.

E. VOSL-RSM MOD2

The fifth type simulation, designated VOSL-RSM MOD2, was designed to investigate what would happen at Stock Point A if the initial inventory position were not changed from that indicated in the MSPR tape and a VOSL-RSM optimal stocking policy was utilized. This simulation was identical to the second type simulation (VOSL-RSM MODIFIED) except that the initial inventory position was not changed. The results of this simulation were compared with the third type



simulation (MOD) to contrast the difference in the two stocking policies. The results of this comparison are:

- (1) Funding decreased to 89.1% of MOD funding. The funds decreased because the VOSL-RSM operates on a requisition effectiveness premise and minimizes all costs which include holding and ordering. Thus, funds are invested in high demand fast moving items, and not necessarily the high dollar value items. But most importantly there was no initial fix to allow more sales and thus generate more funds.
- (2) Expected number of backorders decreased to 31.7% of MOD. This decline in backorders and backorder days is due to the basic purpose of the VOSL-RSM model. That is, to minimize the probability of requisitions short.
- (3) Expected number of backorder days decreased to 37.2% of MOD.
- (4) Expected number of stock control type transactions decreased to 44.3% of MOD.



IV. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The computer simulations used in this study attempted to model a very complex, dynamic inventory control system. As is the case with most simulations, short cuts and approximations of reality were used when necessary to reduce computer time. Consequently, one should consider the numerical results of the simulations and analysis on an order-of-magnitude basis only.

The analysis of the results of the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL simulation runs supports the hypothesis that the existing stocking and funding policies are not operating as designed. Acceptance of this hypothesis in no way constitutes a criticism of either the VOSL-RSM inventory model or the 9-COG funding policy on an individual basis. In fact, when considered separately, the two policies seem to be well grounded theoretically and present a rational approach to solving an extremely complex real world problem. However, when the two policies are mated there is strong evidence from both the results of this simulation as well as from information obtained via informal contacts with several major stock points that there is indeed a significant problem when the two policies are considered collectively.

For example, the three different inventory samples used in the VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL type simulation each showed that fund grants were insufficient to meet the value of the optimal resupply orders. In fact, the difference after



ten years of simulated operations was equivalent to 154% of the value of average on-hand inventory.

The secondary hypothesis, that the inventory position and effectiveness measures of a stock point using local, less than optimal, stocking policies will be much worse than when following VOSL-RSM rules even in an insufficient funds climate, has been well supported by the simulation results. However, the perspective from which one views the results is most critical on this point. For example, a very restrictive locally devised stocking criteria in which only high demand fast moving items are stocked keeps a stock point's net effectiveness high. But this policy does poorly in generating funds. The end result is that net effectiveness looks good while service as perceived by the customer is degraded due to longer waiting times for the not-carried slower moving items.

The simulation results also indicate that when a stock point significantly reduces optimal order quantities and uses a restricted inventory position there is an increase in fund grants. This is caused by the slight increase in sales resulting from small stocks of slower moving items. However, backorders and the internal workload of the stock point increase rapidly when using this type policy.

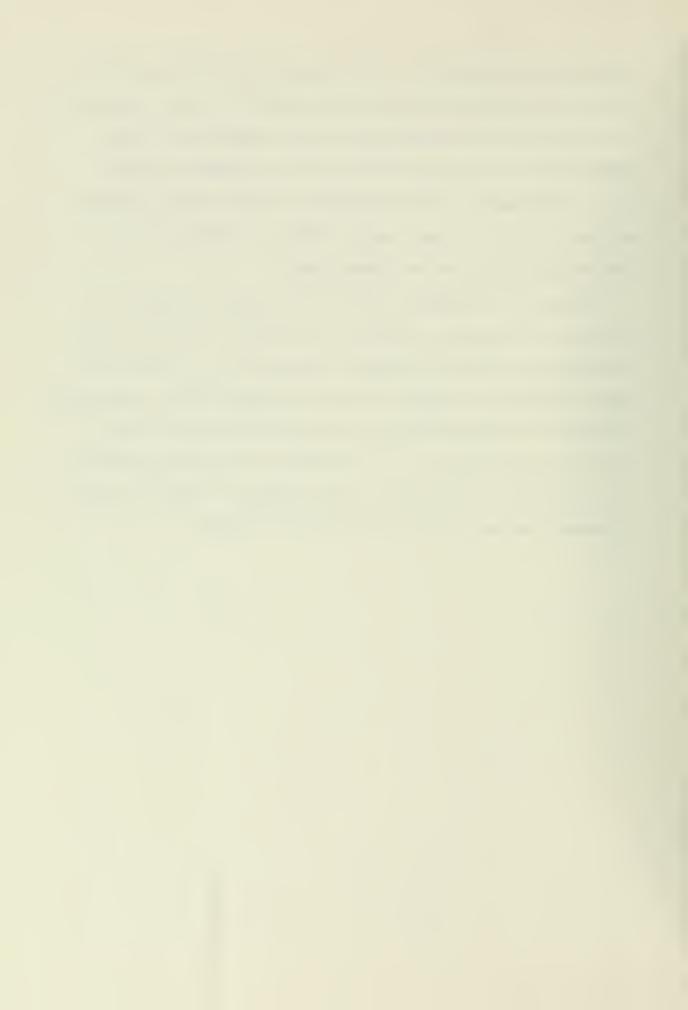
Since the results of this simulation verify the stock point's contention that funds are insufficient for optimal operation, there is a direct implication that the stock points are forced to operate inefficiently in order to



survive in the short run. This has led to a situation in which the individual stock points ignore or modify VOSL-RSM as they see fit. Thus, system wide, there exists large disparities in stocking criteria, replenishment critera, etc. The tragedy of this situation is that these locally devised criteria in many cases operate in direct, but unknowing, opposition to system goals.

Perhaps the admirable "CAN DO" attitude and spirit of the Navy is catching up with the times, for the fix, patch and make do routines can only be carried on to some point.

Maybe the time has come to attack the politically unpalatable problems of proving the Navy needs more funds to combat inflation, bad buys, etc. It is time to face the problems and fight them intelligently with arguments based on sound judgement and objective quantitative analyses.



APPENDIX A. THE STUTTERING POISSON PROCESS

It is assumed that $\{N_i(t), t \ge 0\}$ is a Poisson process and that $\{Y_{in}, n=1,2,\ldots, N_i(t)\}$ is a family of independent, identically distributed geometric random variables with probability mass function

$$P_{Y}(y) = \begin{cases} p(1-p)^{y-1} & \text{for } y = 1,2,.... \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Let Y_{in} be the quantity of item i demanded on requisition n and let $N_i(t)$ be the number of requisitions received up to time t. Additionally, let $X_i(t)$ be the total quantity of item i demanded up to time t. Thus

$$X_{i}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_{i}(t)} Y_{in}$$
.

The time between arrivals of requisitions for item i is an exponentially distributed random variable, due to the Poisson process assumption, with density function

$$f_{T}(t) = \begin{cases} \lambda_{i}e^{-\lambda_{i}t} & \text{for } t \geq 0\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

A compound Poisson process such as $\{X_i(t), t \ge 0\}$ where Y_{in} is geometrically distributed is frequently referred to as a STUTTERING POISSON PROCESS [Ref. 4].



From the MSPR tape, mean quarterly demand (DBAR) and mean absolute deviation of quarterly demand (MAD) were obtained for each item. These parameters were then used to estimate the parameters of the Stuttering Poisson demand distribution for each item in the inventory. Since the simulation time-step is one day, the parameters of the exponentially distributed interarrival time for requisitions must also be expressed in days. Thus mean daily demand, μ_1 , is

$$\mu_{1} = \frac{DBAR_{1}}{91} \tag{1}$$

The variance of daily demand, σ_i^2 is

$$\sigma_{\mathbf{i}}^{2} = \frac{1}{91} \left[\frac{\text{MAD}_{\mathbf{i}}}{0.8} \right]^{2} , \qquad (2)$$

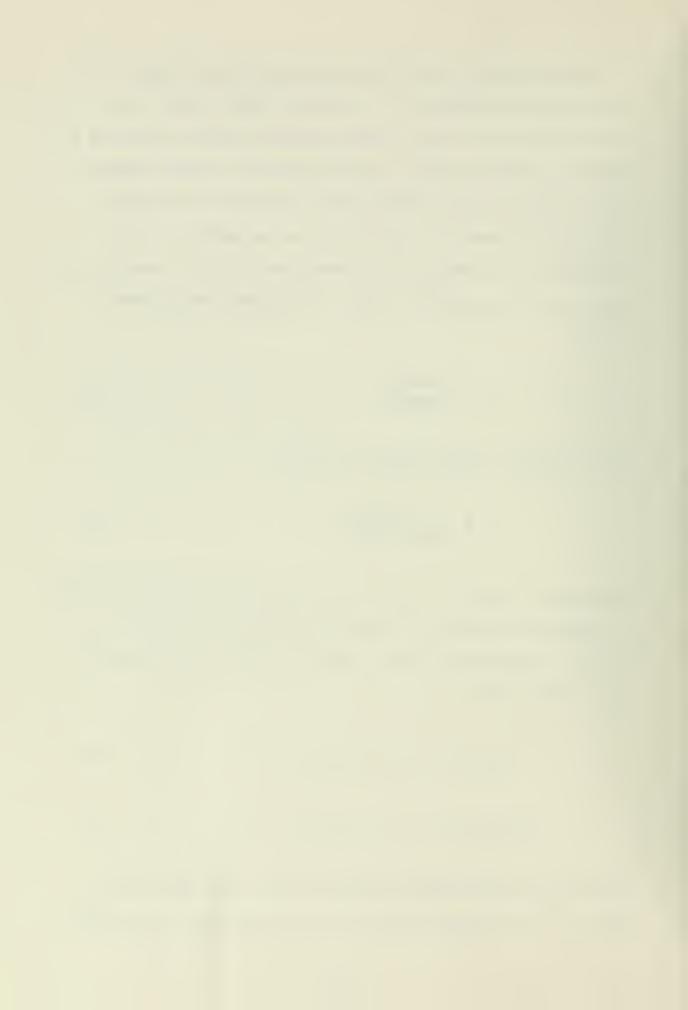
assuming 91 days per quarter and that the standard deviation of quarterly demand is estimated by MAD; /0.8 [Ref. 5].

For a compound Poisson process $\{X_{\underline{i}}(t), t \geq 0\}$ it can be shown that [Ref. 6]

$$E[X_{i}(t)] = \lambda_{i}t E[Y_{in}], \qquad (3)$$

$$VAR[X_{\uparrow}(t)] = \lambda_{\uparrow} t E[Y_{\uparrow} n^2] . \qquad (4)$$

Since Y_{in} is distributed geometrically, it follows that, when t is set equal to one day, the equations for the mean



and variance of daily demand, μ_i and σ_i^2 , are

$$E[X_{1}(1)] = \frac{1}{P_{1}} = \mu_{1}$$
, (5)

$$VAR[X_{i}(1)] = \frac{i(2-P_{i})}{P_{i}^{2}} = \sigma_{i}^{2}$$
 (6)

Solving equation (5) yields $\lambda_i = P_i \mu_i$. Substitution of this into equation (6) gives

$$P_{i} = \frac{2\mu_{i}}{\sigma_{i}^{2} + \mu_{i}}$$

and

$$\lambda_{i} = \frac{2\mu_{i}^{2}}{\sigma_{i}^{2} + \mu_{i}} ,$$

where μ_i and σ_i^2 are given by equations (1) and (2).

Thus, in this manner, the STUTTERING POISSON distribution parameters are computed for each item.



APPENDIX B. SAFETY LEVEL CALCULATION METHOD

In VOSL-RSM the inventory is constrained to permit an average on hand investment equal to two and one-half months of supply. The total inventory is comprised of items separated into ten sales classes based on the individual items value of annual demand. In addition the sales class configuration of the inventory determines the average level of operating stock investment, α . Then with this α , there remains $(2.5 - \alpha)$ months of supply which are to be invested in safety stocks.

The total value of the previous years demands (VADSUM) may be easily computed and divided by twelve to provide the estimated or average value of monthly demand. The estimate of dollars required for safety stock investment (DSLA) then may be computed by

DSLA = (VADSUM/12)
$$(2.5 - \alpha)$$

This becomes the funds available for the requisition short model to allocate in such a manner that requisition effectiveness is maximized.

Reference 2 attacks the problem of the requisitions short model by means of a risk equation for computation of risk of stock out. This equation is solved by the method of Lagrange to obtain



$$P_{i} = \lambda^{*} \left[\frac{C_{i} Q_{i}}{F_{i}} \right]$$
 (1)

and

$$\lambda' = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[\frac{P_i F_i}{Q_i} \right] SL_i}{\left[\frac{2.5 - \alpha}{3} \right] \sum_{i=1}^{N} C_i \overline{D}_i},$$
(2)

where

 λ' = Lagrange Multiplier

P; = Risk of a stockout for the ith item

C_i = Unit price of the ith item

F; = Annual frequency of the ith item

 \overline{D}_{i}^{T} = Quarterly Demand Forecast for the ith item

Q_i = The order quantity from the VOSL program for the ith item.

SL, = Safety level in units for the ith item

Since a direct method of solving equations (1) and (2) is not feasible and the iterative method of solution utilized in Ref. 2 is very time consuming on a computer, an estimate of the exact solution was obtained by linear interpolation as follows:

- (a) Select two arbitrary values of λ ' and designate them λ_K '; K=1,2.
- (b) Solve equation (1) for all i; K=1,2.
- (c) Solve equation (2) in terms of SL, for all i; K=1,2.



(d) Compute $\mathrm{DL}_{\mathbf{k}}$, the total dollar requirement for safety level investment using $\lambda_{\mathbf{k}}^{\bullet}$, where

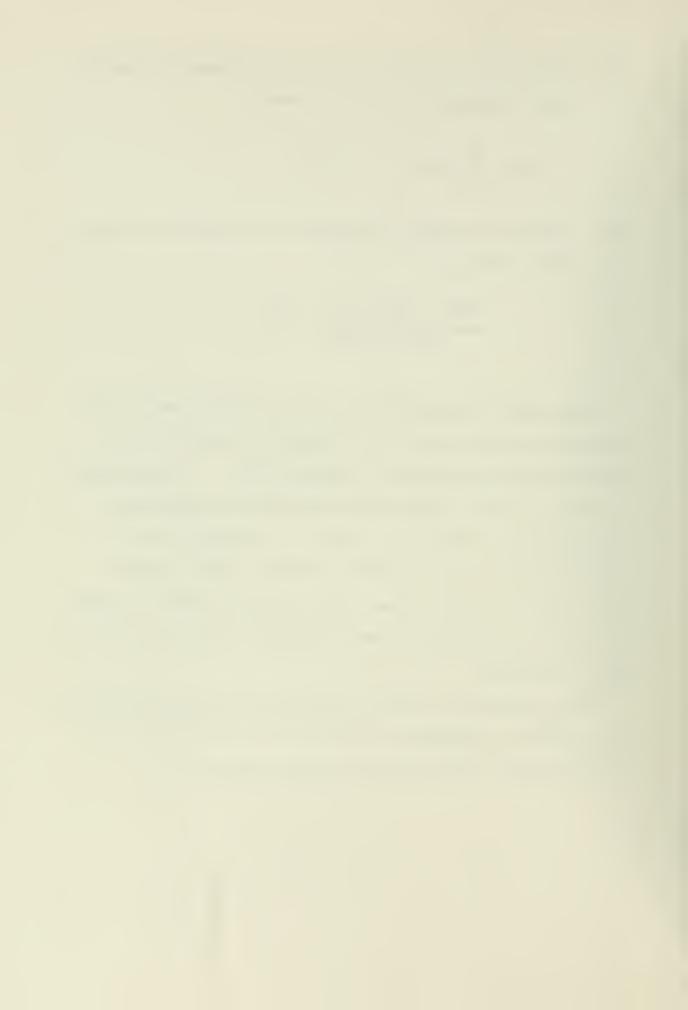
$$DL_{k} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} C_{i}SL_{i} ; K=1,2.$$

(e) Compute the linear interpolation estimated solution for λ ' where

$$\lambda^{\dagger} = \frac{\left(DSLA - DL_{1}\right) \left(\lambda_{1}^{\dagger} - \lambda_{2}^{\dagger}\right)}{\left(DL_{1} - DL_{2}\right)} + \lambda_{1}^{\dagger}$$

This method assumes that by virtue of past experience the two arbitrary values of λ ' initially selected would bracket the exact solution to equation (2). It should also be noted the linear interpolation method of estimating the solution to equation (2) (which is assumed to be a convex function) will provide a solution value slightly higher than the exact value. This implies a small increase in risk and corresponding small decrease in the safety level dollar investment.

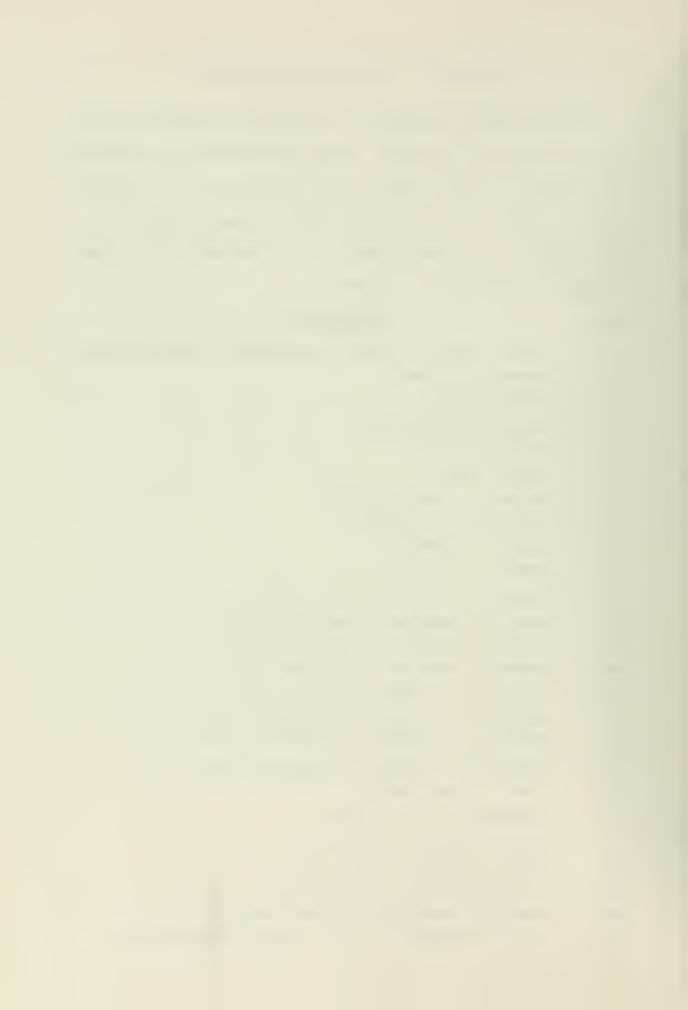
The final step in computing safety levels by this method is to take the estimated solution for λ ' and calculate $\mathrm{SL}_{\dot{\mathbf{l}}}$ for each item in the inventory using equation (2).



APPENDIX C. MATRIX TERMINOLOGY

In the computer simulation, two basic working matrices were used for data storage. Matrix IDATA with an individual data position denoted IDATA (i,j) where i=1,2,..., 300 and j=1,2,...,25 contained integer data for the ith item of stock. The 25 data positions (j) for the individual items of stock are defined as follows:

j_	_	DEFINITION
1		serial number of VOSL item obtained form MSPR tape
2		quantity on hand
3		quantity due
4 -		quantity backordered
5	•	reorder point
6		safety level
7		economic order quantity
8		requisition objective
9		lead time demand
10		VOSL stock class
11		quantity demanded quarter prior
12		quantity demanded 2 quarters prior
13		quantity demanded 3 quarters prior
14		quantity demanded 4 quarters prior
15		frequency of demand quarter prior
16		frequency of demand 2 quarters prior
17		frequency of demand 3 quarters prior
18		frequency of demand 4 quarters prior
19		time of next demand
20		quantity of next demand
21		active/inactive item code
22		total frequency prior year
23		active/inactive quarter code
24		quantity requisitioned for resupply
25		time of receipt of next resupply requisition



Matrix DATA with an individual data position denoted

DATA (i,j) where i = 1,2,...,300 and j=1,2,...,25 contained

real number data for the ith item of stock. The 25 data

positions (j) for the individual items of stock are defined

as follows:

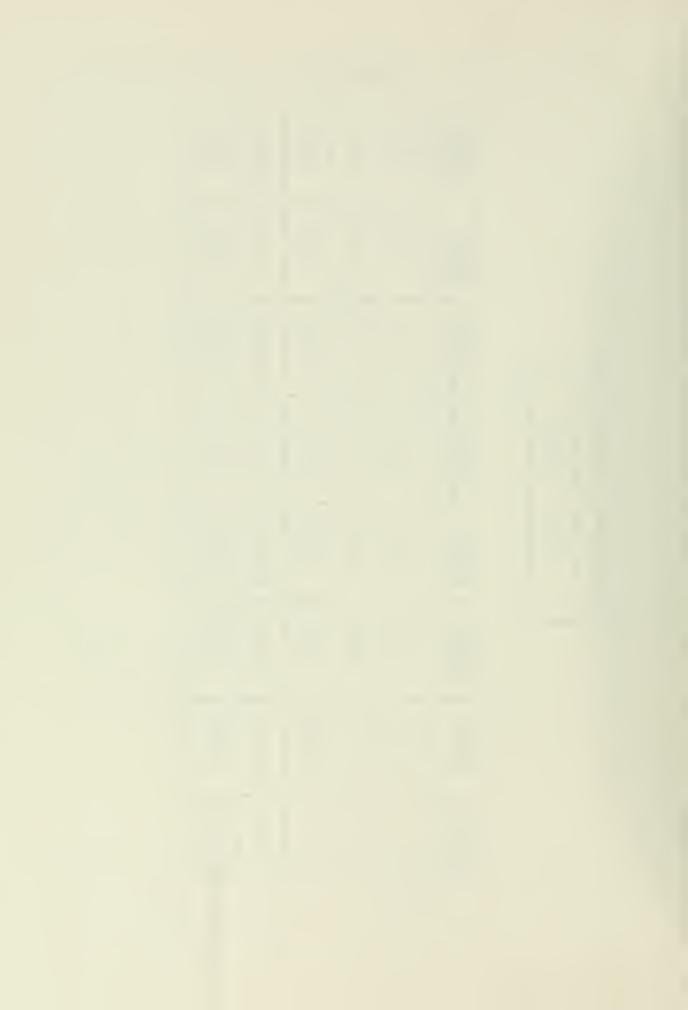
j	DEFINITION
1	unit price
2	order quantity in months of stock
3	quarterly demand forecast
4	mean absolute deviation of demand (MAD)
5	lead time
6	value on hand inventory
7	value of annual issues
8.	the STUTTERING POISSON parameter, V
9	the STUTTERING POISSON parameter, P
10	value of annual demand (VAD)
11	cumulative percent VAD
12	dollar value of quantity ordered
13	total number of backorders per year
14	total number of backorder days per year
15	total number of issues per quarter
16	total number of demands per quarter
17	total number of resupply requisitions per quarter
18	total number of demands processed not carried per quarter
19	total value of demands processed not carried per quarter
20 thru 25	not used for individual item

The position DATA (2,25) was used to maintain a quarterly running balance of funds.



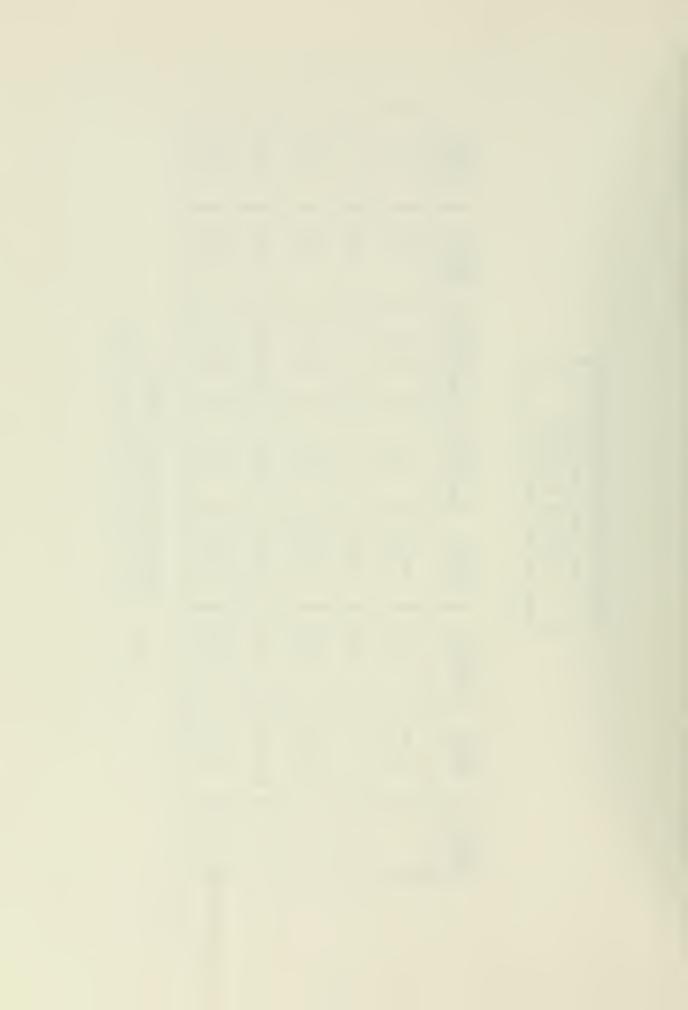
APPENDIX D

VALUE INITIAL ORDER	8536	6473	5418	20427	6889
TOTAL NUMBER CRDERS	2225	2827	1893	6945	2315
TOTAL BACKORDER DAYS	31713	41853	32269	105835	35278
BACKORDERS	1123	1438	1151	3712	1237
VALUE I SSUES	636545	227872	465964	1330381	443460
VALUE	642259	238848	475158	1356265	452088
FUND GRANT	621753	227213	455876	1304842	434947
2 2 2 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8	1	2	rn	TCTAL	AVERAGE

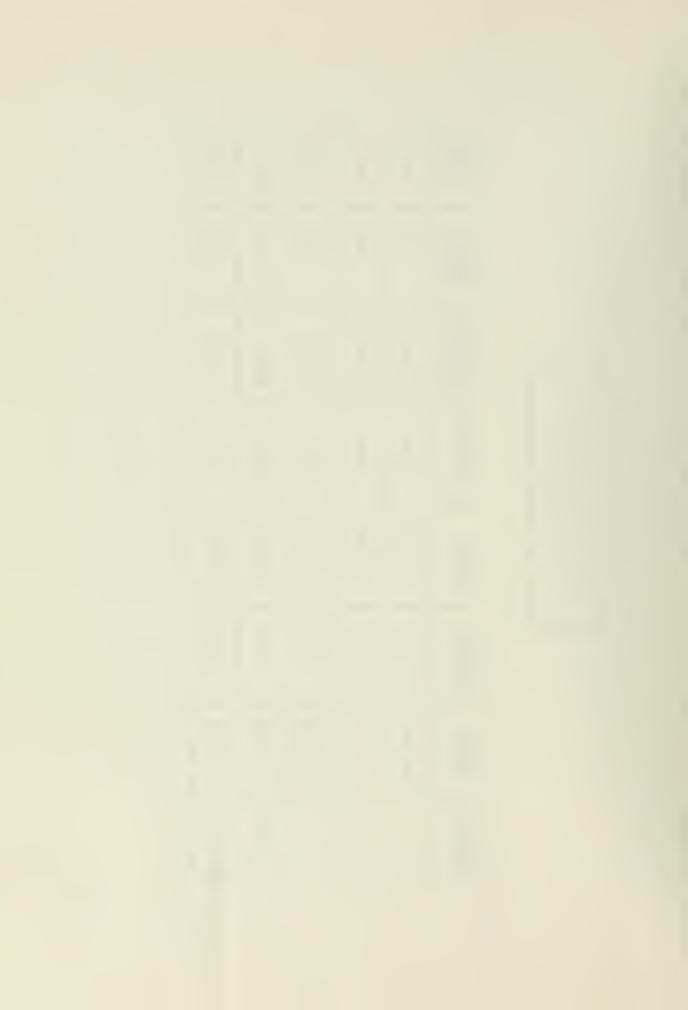


TOTAL LOST SALES	808	1392	355	2555	851
TOTAL NUMBER ORDERS	2170	2919	2736	7825	2608
TOTAL BACKORDER DAYS	58423	77022	51243	186688	62229
TOTAL	1923	2439	1672	6034	2011
VALUE I SSUES	564276	159283	411730	1135289	378429
VALUE ORDERS	553944	158406	412015	1124365	374788
FUND GRANT	554005	158444	412143	11245.92	374264
N SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO SO		(V)	6	TGTAL	AVERAGE

NOTE *** VALUE INITIAL CRDER
*** SAME AS VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL



7 7 7 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	FUND GR ANT	VALUE ORDERS	VAL UE I SS UES	BACKORDERS	BACKORDER DAYS	TOTAL NUMBER ORDERS	TOTAL LOST SALES
1	380345	380327	382829	6362	175015	6362	6879
8	153193	153162	153489	5994	158592	7200	3358
(0)	361282	361180	366208	5323	146870	8845	2140
TCTAL	894820	894669	902526	17679	480477	22407	12417
AVERAGE	298273	298223	300842	5893	160159	7469	4139

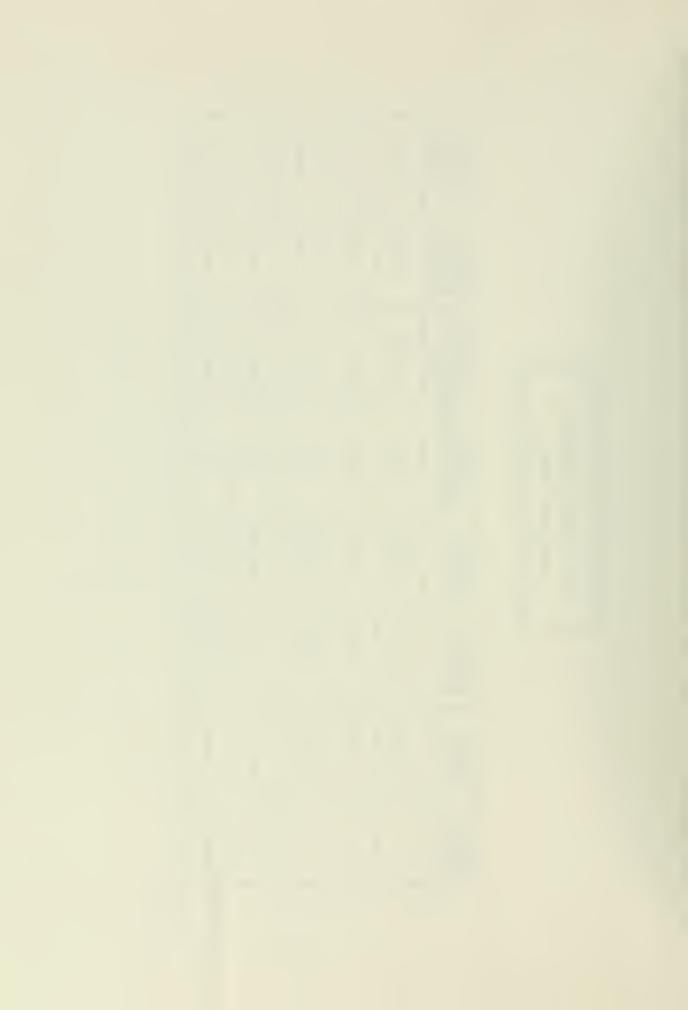


TOTAL LOST SALES	1107	1386	1016	3509	1169
TO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO NO	12808	12810	12438	38056	12685
TOTAL BACKORDER DAYS	147988	120200	144403	412551	137530
BACKORDERS	2690	4536	4199	14425	4808
YALUE ISSUES	579948	198212	413375	1191535	397178
VALUE ORDERS	568592	197282	405701	1172575	390858
FUND GR ANT	570310	197887	405816	1174013	391337
N	1	2	60	TCTAL	AVERAGE

NOTE *** VALUE INITIAL CROER
*** SAME AS VOSL-RSM OPTIMAL



TOTAL LOST SALES	6299	2013	996	9658	3219
TOTAL NUMBER ORDERS	1474	2386	1902	5762	1920
BACKORDER DAYS	47558	76336	54782	178676	59558
BACKORDERS	1474	2386	1751	5611	1870
VAL UE I SS UES	329301	142971	332508	804780	268260
VALUE	327798	144021	333322	805141	268380
FUND GR ANT	327804	144039	3333.69	805212	268404
N U W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W	1	2	n)	TCTAL	AVERAGE



COMPUTER PROGRAM

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CAYS
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LCST SALES
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    TYPE SIMULATION IS CESIGNATED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             N=WORLD SAMPLE SIZE
INO=NUMBER OF ACTIVE ITEMS
VADI=ACTIVE ITEMS BY VAD
VADSUM=VALUE OF ANNUAL DEMAND
VISS=FYTD VALUE OF ISSUES
FGNI=FYTD FUNDS GRANTED
FGNI=FYTD FUNDS GRANTED
FGNI=FYTD FUNDS GRANTED
FGNI=FYTD FUNDS GRANTED
ITEST=TIME TILL NEXT RECEIPT
KOTER QUARTER COUNTER
KYEAR=YEAR COUNTER
SBUCKS=YEAR COUNTER
KYEAR=YEAR COUNTER
KYEAR=YEAR COUNTER
SBUCKS=YEAR COUNTER
KYEARD TOTAL NUMBER USSUES
YROND=TOTAL NUMBER USSUES
YROND=TOTAL NUMBER USSUES
YROND=TOTAL NUMBER USSUES
YROD=TOTAL NUMBER USSUES
YROD=WUMBER REQUISITIONS PRECESSE
SLOP=YEARLY DEMANDS TREATED LCST SA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           VOSL-RSM MODIFIED
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300) , PSP(4), QMC(10), VX(4), SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10), VAD LS(10) DIMENSION ARRAYS AND SET CCNSTANTS 1.5,2.0,2.5,3.0,4.0,5.0,6.0,8.0,12.0/ DIMENSION IDATA(300,25) DIMENSION IDATA(300,25) DIMENSION DATA(300,25) DIMENSION SP(4), PSP(4), PSP(4), VMD(10), VMD(10), DILLS(10) DIMENSION VADI(150,3) DIMENSION RND(300) DIMENSION RND(300) DIMENSION RND(300) DIMENSION AVIST(400) DIMENSION AVIST(400) DIMENSION AVIST(400) DIMENSION AVIST(400) IXTHEST IXTEST IX

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SELECT A UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED

,900) IREC (8X,16,6X,110,18X,11,27X,18,416,18X,219,6X,516,13,4X,916,91 AND SORT INTO NUMERICAL ORDER READ THE SELECTED DATA SAMPLE FROM THE MSPR TAPE RANDOM CATA SAMPLE SELECT(LOW, LHI, N, IXI, IRND)

O I = 1, N

(I) = I

I) = FLOAT (IRND(I))

INUE
SHSORT(RND, IRNX, N) T.EQ.RND(J))6C TO 3333 REC(3).EQ.1) GO TO 2222 2222 10 6111 3333 000000000



```
SELECT THE ITEMS TO BE CODED ACTIVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      THIS MARKS THE BEGINNING CF EACH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         SIMULATION YEAR
                                                                                                                                                    ECT(LOW, JKGUNT, INO, IX2, IRNE)
K=10+J

KK=22-J

ICATA(JKOUNT,K)=IREC(KK)

L=14+J

L=31-J

ICATA(JKOUNT,L)=IREC(LL)

ICATA(JKOUNT,EQ.RND(N)) GO TO 4444

ICATA(JKOUNT,EQ.RND(N)) GO TO 4444

ICATA(JKOUNT,EQ.RND(N)) GO TO 4444
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        • EQ. 1) ISL=ISL+1
                                                                                                                                                                                   E,21)=1
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CNTINUE
ISC 8888 I
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FOR ALL ACTIVE ITEMS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 COMPUTE PARAMETERS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             RAM ( POINT, QMC, VADSUM, INO, SM, ALADJ)
                                                              VAD(IDATA, DATA, N, VADI, VADSUM)
-GT.1) GO TO 6978
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          A(I,10).GT.SM(K)) GO TO 6119
                                                                                                                                                           T.O) IFINK=IFINK+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 SHSORT(VAD1, IRND, INO)
15 I=1, INO
                                                                                                                                                                                       4 I=1, INO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             I ,10)=KAT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           6118
6115
                                                                                                     1155
6978
4501
                                                                                                                                                                     86
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       6115
0000000
```



```
CALL BUCKS(DATA, 1DATA, VADSUM, N, VISS, FGNT, FUND)

SBUCKS = SBUCKS+FGNT
CALL INCUT(IDATA, N, 1 X4, 1 X5, 1 N0)

If (KYR, GT = 1) GO TO 229

DC 6120 I = 1, GO TO 229

SIGSQ = (DATA(1, 4) / 0.8) **2) / 91

SIGSQ = (DATA(1, 4) / 0.8) **2) / 91

DATA(1, 8) = (2*AMU) / (SIGSQ+AMU)

DATA(1, 9) = (2*AMU) / (SIGSQ+AMU)

IF (DATA(1, 9) - GE - 1.0) DATA(1, 9) = 0.99

IX2 = IX2 *65539

AA = 0.5 + IX2 *0.2328306E - 9

AA = 0.5 + IX2 *0.2328306E - 9

AA = 0.5 + IX3 *0.2328306E - 9

AA = 0.5 + IX3 *0.2328306E - 9

AA = 0.5 + IX3 *0.2328306E - 9

AB = 0.5 + IX3 *0.2328306E - 9

A
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       CCMPUTE QUARTERLY FUND GRANT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                LEVEL
                                                 (I;10)/DATA(I;1))/4
TA(I;3)/3)*(DATA(I;2))+0.5)
E.1) IDATA(I;7)=1
A(I;3)/3)*(DATA(I;5))
(I;2)*DATA(I;1)
I;10)
DATA(I;3)=1.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   CALL SAFLEV(IDATA, CATA, VADSUM, ALADJ,N)
VISS=0.0
FGNT=0.0
VADSUM=AV.ISS(1)+AVISS(2)+AVISS(3)+AVISS(4)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                SAFETY
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                COMPUTE
DATA(I, 2) = CMC(KAT)

DATA(I, 3) = (DATA(I, 1)

IDATA(I, 7) = ((DATA(I, 1)

IEATA(I, 9) = (DATA(I, 1)

DATA(I, 6) = IDATA(I, 1)

DATA(I, 6) = IDATA(I, 1)

DATA(I, 7) = UATA(I, 1)

CCNTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    S
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```
INVENTORY POSITION TO A POINT
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            EACH
                                                                                                                                                                             NOT
                                                                                                                      BETWEEN REORDER POINT AND
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               CONDE.,F10.2, VALUE CRDERS=',F10.2') ((IDATA(I,J),J=1,25),I=1,JKCUNT)
                                                                                                                                                 RECUISITION OBJECTIVE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ((CATA(I,J),J=1,14),I=1,JKCLNT)
4F8.2)
9 ALADJ
                                                                                                                                                                             REMOVE CALL CARD IF THIS IS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          THIS MARKS THE BEGINNING CF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                RDR(IDATA, CATA, N, FUND, ITIME, DOLORD)
CRD+DOLORD
,9010) FUND, DOLORD
', FUND, DOLORD
', FUND, FIQ, Z, 'VALUE, CRDERS=', F
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      SIMULATION QUARTER
                                                                                                                                                                                                       DESIRED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0 KKGTR=(91*(KQTR))+((KYR-1)*364)

AVISS(KQTR)=0.0

DC[CRD=0.0

DATA(1,25)=0.0

DATA(2,25)=FUND

DATA(3,25)=0.0

DATA(1,15)=0.0

DATA(1,15)=0.0

DATA(1,15)=0.0

DATA(1,15)=0.0

DATA(1,15)=0.0
120
A(1,23).EQ.1) GO TO 6124
120
13)=9999
                                                                                          RESET
                                    6124
6120
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     9111
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    9020
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                9030
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           8000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         9010
```



000000000

```
TO ISSUE, RECEIPT OR ENC QUARTER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    DETERMINE EARLIEST EVENT TIME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ROUTINES AS APPROPRIATE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     345
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                                                                                                                                                                                                  74447
74447
74447
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3340
170
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    E.IDATA(1,25)) GG TG
A(1,25)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         3347
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                                                                                                                                                                    -0000
-0000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            09
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 104V
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            DNA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              E.JTEST)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   GTR+10)=0
GTR+14)=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   JTEST=99999
JJJ=0
JJJ=0
JJG 3340
JJG III
JG III
DATA(1,18)=
DATA(1,19)=
IF(IDATA(1,
IF(IDATA(1,
IF(IDATA(1,
IF(IDATA(1,
IF(IDATA(1,
ICATA(1,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             348
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                4446
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                3341
```



PERFORM END QUARTER HOUSEKEEPING

COMPUTATIONS

```
SLOP, GLOP
UE TO INSUFF FUNDS', F16.2, 'ISSUES WERE LOST WHICH WE
                                                                                      (LIK) GO TO 33)-IDATA(1,4)
                                                                    6C TO 1 MAN-LE-KLIK) 60 TO 3
IF (DATA(2,25) GE DATA(1,1)) GO TO 4
3 IF (DATA(2,25) GE DATA(1,1)) GO TO 4
3 IF (DATA(2,25) GE DATA(1,1)) GO TO 4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ,25)=ITIME+(30.0*DATA(I,5))
,3)=IDATA(I,3)+1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   )= IDATA(1,2) *DATA(1,1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             16.2)
TC 3348
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          K.GT.99) GO TO 7
I T I ME=KKOTR
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 142
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       1782
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      1781
```



```
IDATA, DATA, N, SM, QMC, VACSUM, AV ISS, FGNT, FUND, VALUE, VISS, INO, EXCZ, ITIME }
                                                    PERFORM END YEAR HOUSEKEEPING COMPUTATIONS
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      14ITIME (1,8))
                        151
                          116
CALL ENDQTR(IDATA,
IKCTR, IX2, IX3, INO, E)
SBUCKS = SBUCKS+FUND
DC 2929 I=1,N
YRNISS = YRNISS+DATA
YRDMD = YRCMD+DATA(I
YRODD = YRODD+DATA(I
                                        2929
                                                                                3347
                                                                                                  3348
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           7713
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      7715
                                                               3345
                                                                                                                                                           7714
                                                                                                                                                                                  7712
                                                                                                                                                7711
```



```
IDATA(1,21)=1

IX3=IX3*65539

AAB=0.5+IX3*0.2328306E-9

ICATA(1,20)=ALGG(AAB)/ALGG(1-DATA(1,9))

IF(IDATA(1,20).6E.10000) GD TO 7716

CONTINUE

WRITE(6,118) KQTR, EXCZ

FORMAT('','EXCESS AT END QTR',13,3X,'IS',F10.2)
                                                          PRINT END YEAR RESULTS
                                                                                                                                                          2843
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                128
                                                                                9031
                                                                                                                                      4329
                                                 00000
```



```
SUBRCUTINE SELECT(LOW, LHI, N, IX, IRND)
DIMENSIGN IRND(300)
DIMENSIGN IRND(300)
IX=1x*65539
R=0.5+1x*65539
R=0.5+1x*65539
R=0.5+1x*62328306E-9
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=LHI*R+LGW
IRND(I)=INDATA(300,25)
DIMENSIGN DATA(300,25)
DIMENSIGN VADI(150)
INDENSIGN VADI(150)
INDENSIGN VADI(150)
INDENSIGN VADI(150)
INDENSIGN INDE
```



```
(POINT, QMC, CS, ING, SM, ALADJ)
15013)
PSP{4}, QMC(10), VX(4), SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10), VAD S(10)
SUBROUTINE PARAMIPDINT, QMC, CS, ING, SM, ALADJ)

100; WONDS CON SP[4], 550[4], QMC(10), VX(4), SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10)

110; WONDS CON SP[4], 550[4], QMC(10), VX(4), SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10)

110; WONDS CON SP[4], SP[4], SP[4], SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10)

110; WONDS CON SP[4], SP[4], SP[4], SP[4], SM(10), AREA(10), TAREA(10)

110; WONDS CON SP[4], 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4552
104
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     4553
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                4555
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```



```
,7))/JSUMF
,1)**2)*DATA(1,3)*IDATA(1,7))/(3*RHOA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          IDATA, DATA, VADSUM, ALADJ, N)
TAREA(1)=AREA(1)
DC 300 K3=2,9
TAREA(K3)=AREA(K3)-AREA(K3-1)
C CCNTINUE
TVAD=0
TCLLS=0
TVWD=0
TVWD=0
DC 400 K4=1,10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  VAD(K4) = TAREA(K4) *CS

VMD(K4) = VAD(K4)/12

TVAD=TVAD+VAD(K4)

TVMD=TVMD+VMD(K4)

DLLS(K4) = VMD(K4) *(QMC(K4))/2

TDLLS = TDLLS+DLLS(K4)

0 CGNTINUE

5 ALACJ=TDLLS*12/CS

RETURN

END
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   Steroutine Saflev(IDATA, DATA, Voingers)

CIMENSIGN IDATA(300,25)

AMDAA=0.003

AMDAB=0.009

DSLA=(2.5-ALADJ)*(VADSUM/12)

TATA=0.0

TCTB=0.0

CCRIO I=1,N

JSUMF=0

JSUMF=1 SUMF+IDATA(I,J)-

CCNTINUE
IF(JSUMF-LE.1) JSUMF=1

ICATA(I,22)=JSUMF

IE(IDATA(I,21)-EQ.1) GG TG 815
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IF (IDATA(I,2I).EQ.4) GO TO BI

IF (IDATA(I,2I).EQ.5) GO TO BI

50 TO 810

RHCA=(AMDAA*DATA(I,1)*IDATA(I

TA=(AMDAA*(2.5-ALADJ)*(DATA(I
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  0000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   0000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  *JSUMF)
                                                                                                                                                                    400
105
                                    30€
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 800
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               825
```



```
810
                845
850
                  835
         811
820
840
```



```
(DATA, IDATA, VALUE, N. VISS, FGNT, FUND) 300,25) 00,25)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              REDUCED FUND GRANT', F10.2)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ALUE/4)
SS-FGNT+(VALUE/4)
XCESS
CESSES REDUCED FUN
                                                                                                                                                                                                             00000
11111
000000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             222098765
222098765
221098765
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    00000
                                                                                                                                                                                                                HHHHH
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          VAL COLORS (COLORS (CO
                                                                                                                                                                                                                00000
                                                                                                                                                                                                          SUBROUTINE

DIMENSIGN

DIMENSIGN

DIMENSIGN

DIATA(30002)

                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   516
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 518
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 520
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            521
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500
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      517
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```



```
SLBROUTINE INGUT(ICATA,N,IX4,IX5,INO)
DIMENSION IDATA(300,25)
DICUMI=0.11NO
DC 600 K=1,1DUM1
DC 610 I=1,NO
DC 625 II=1,NO
DC 625 II=
```



```
ORDR(IDATA, DATA, N, FUND, ITIME, OCLORD)
TA(300,25)
A(300,25)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          403
SLBROUTINE REGRAPK IDATA, DATA, N, FUNDIMENSIGN DATA(300,25)
DIMENSIGN DATA(300,25)
DIMENSIGN DATA(300,25)
DCLGRD=0.0

IF (IDATA(1,21).EQ.1) GG TG 402
IF (IDATA(1,21).EQ.2) GG TG 402
IF (IDATA(1,21).EQ.2) GG TG 402
ICATA(1,125)=0.0

ICATA(1,125)=0.0
ICATA(1,125)=999
GG TG 402
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 401
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 402
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 402
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 403
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 403
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 404
ICATA(1,25)=1008
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 404
ICATA(1,25)=999
GG TG 404
ICATA(1,25)=1008
ICATA(1,12)=1008
ICATA(1,12)=1008
ICATA(1,12)=1004041(1,1)*ICATA(1,2)
ICATA(1,12)=1004041(1,1)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*ICATA(1,2)*IC
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      462
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             403
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405
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  401
```



```
16
ITR)=AVISS(KGTR)+(IDATA(III,2)*DATA(III,1))
(15)=DATA(III,15)+1.0
                                                                                                                     (IDATA(III,4)*DATA(III,1))
T(IDATA, DATA, III, ICQTY, AVISS, KQTR)
300,25)
(300,25)
                                                        3412
                                                                                                                                                       4)=(-IDUM3)
                                                                                   [,24)=0
[,24)=0
[,25]=9999
                                                                      I,8)=0
I,7)=9999
                                                                                                   , J)=9999
, L)=0
                                                                                                   3412
                                                                                                           3413
                                                                                    3410
                                                                                                                                                           3416
                                                                    3411
```



```
IOQTY(JJJ,6)+IOQTY(JJJ,8)
(JJJ,3)+ICUMIO)+IDATA(JJJ,2)
772
SCEROUTINE DISSU(IDATA,DATA,JJJ,ICQTY,KQTR,ITIME,IX2,I

DIMENSION DATA(300,25)

DIMENSION DATA(300,25)

DIMENSION DATA(300,25)

DIMENSION DATA(300,25)

DIMENSION DATA(300,8)

DIMENSION DATA(300,8)

DIMENSION DATA(300,8)

DIMENSION DATA(300,8)

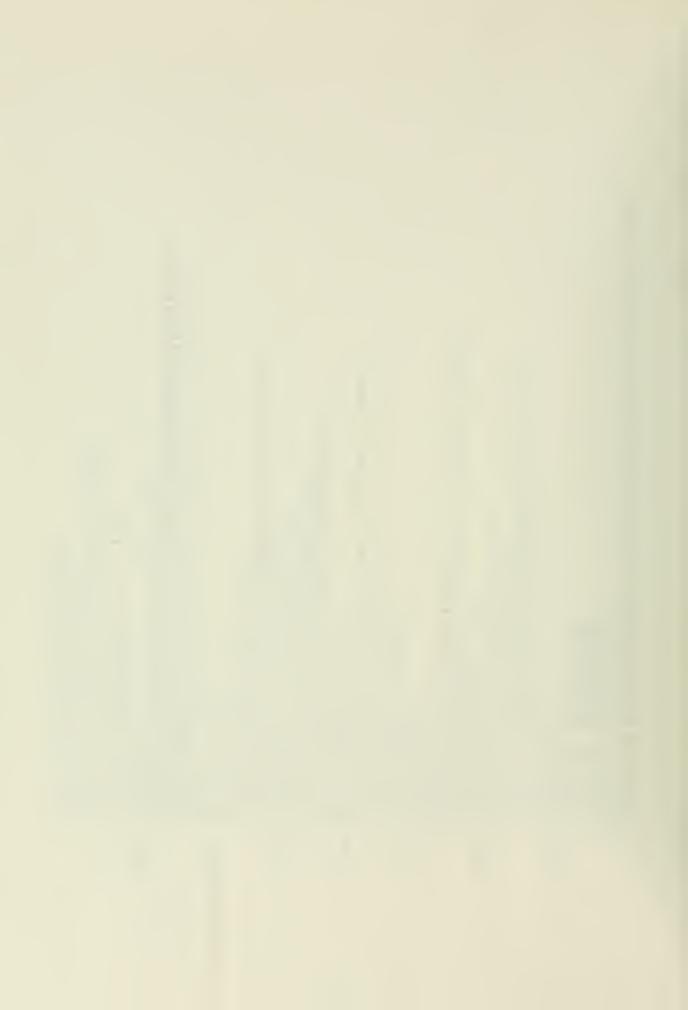
DIMENSION DATA(300,8)

DATA(300,9) KKGNT) = IDATA(300,KKGNT) + IDATA(300,20)

DATA(300,9) KKGNT) = IDATA(300,10)

DATA(300,10) = IDATA(300,10)

DATA(300
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             3362
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DEPLETION=",15, 'FUND BALANCE IS', F16.2)
(JJJ,24) EG.0) GO TO 3359
,14) = DATA(JJJ,14) + (IDATA(JJJ,25) - IDATA(JJJ,19))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     DATA(JJJ, 18) = DATA(JJJ, 18) +1.0

DATA(JJJ, 19) = DATA(JJJ, 18) +1.0

DATA(JJJ, 16) = DATA(JJJ, 19) +COST

IDATA(JJJ, KKCNT) = IDATA(JJJ, KKCNT) -1

IDATA(JJJ, KKKONT) = IDATA(JJJ, KKKGNT) -1

IF (DATA(JJJ, KKKONT) = IDATA(JJJ, KKKGNT) -1

MRITE(6, 8052) ITIME, DATA(Z, 25)

AAA(Z, 25) = 1

AAA(Z, 25) = 1

AAA(Z, 25) = 1

AAA(Z, 25) = 1

AAA(Z, 25) = 1
                                        C TO 1771

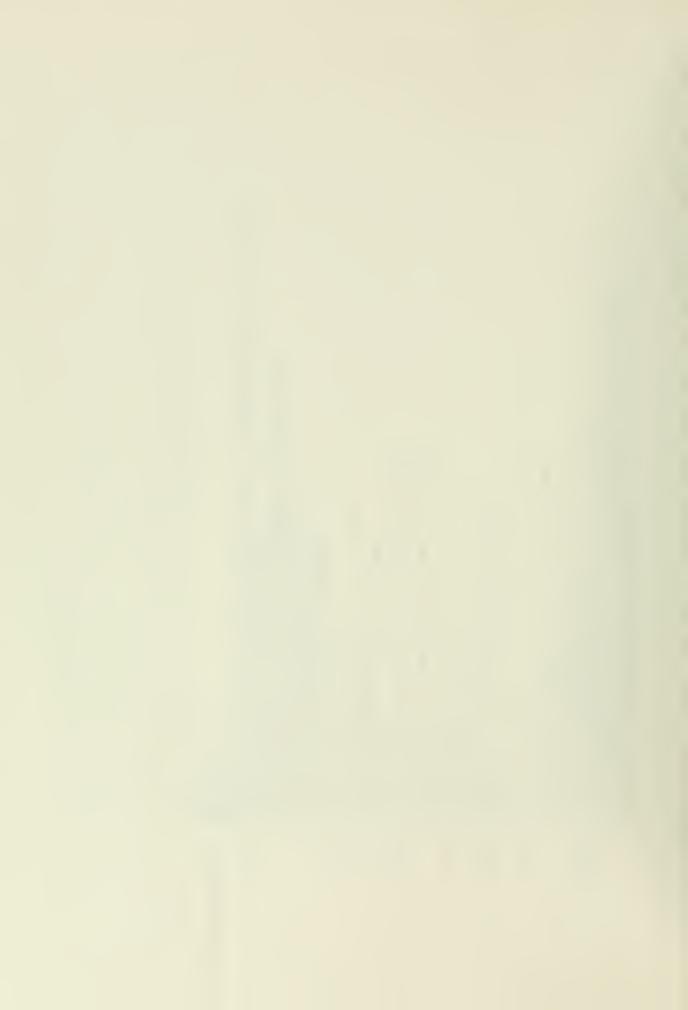
ATA(JJJ,14)=DATA(JJJ,14)+DATA(JJJ,5)*30.0

ATA(2,25)=DATA(2,25)~COST

F(IDATA(JJJ,3).GT.0) GG TO 3364

CATA(JJJ,3)=IDUM5

ICATA(JJJ,25)=(30.0*DATA(JJJ,5))+ITIME
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              GQTY()JJ,KKT)=(30.0*DATA(JJJ,5))+ITIME
C TO 1773
C TO 1773
CST=DATA(JJJ,1)*IDATA(JJJ,20)
DUM5=IDATA(JJJ,20)
F(CGST-GT-DATA(JJJ,20)
F(CGST-GT-DATA(JJJ,20)
F(CGST-GT-DATA(JJJ,20))
                                                                                                                                                                                                             F(IÔQIY(JJJ,KKK).EC.0) GO TO 3367
CNIINUE
CQIY(JJJ,KKK)=IOQIY(JJJ,KKK)+IDUM5
C TO 1773
CQIY(JJJ,KKK)=IDUM5
KI=KKK-1
                                                                                                                                                                         C 3366 I=2,8,2
KK=I
                                                        3359
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,21).6T.6) INC=INO-1
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SUBROUTINE

1, VISSS, KGTR R 1120

DIMENSION IDATA(3000, 25

DIMENSION DATA(3000, 25

DIMENSION DATA(3000, 25

DIMENSION DATA(3000, 25

DIMENSION DATA(3000, 25

VALUE = 0.00

VALUE = 0.00

VALUE = 0.00

VISS = 0.0
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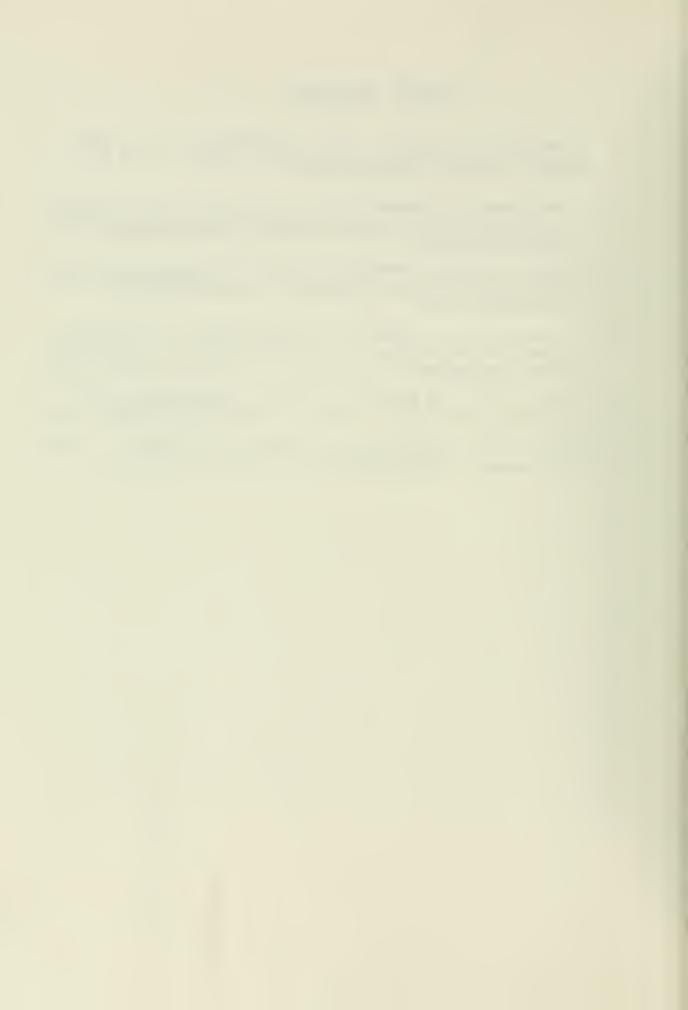
```
IDUM21=ALGG(AAA)/(-DATA(I,8))
ICATA(I,19)=IDUM21+ITIME
IF(IDATA(I,19)=LDUM21+ITIME)
IOATA(I,21)=1
IOATA(I,21)=1
IOATA(I,21)=1
IOATA(I,21)=1
IOATA(I,21)=1
IOATA(I,20)=ALGG(AAB)/ALGG(I-DATA(I,9))
IF(IDATA(I,20)-GE.10000) GO TO 3382
IF(IDATA(I,20)-LE.0) GO TO 3382
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 3382
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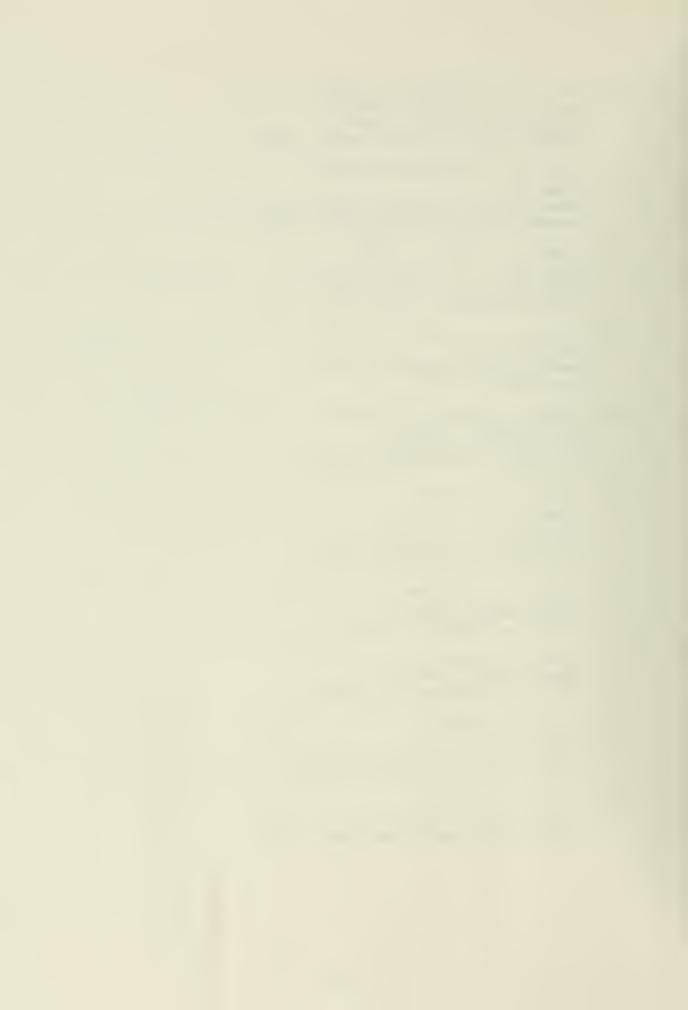
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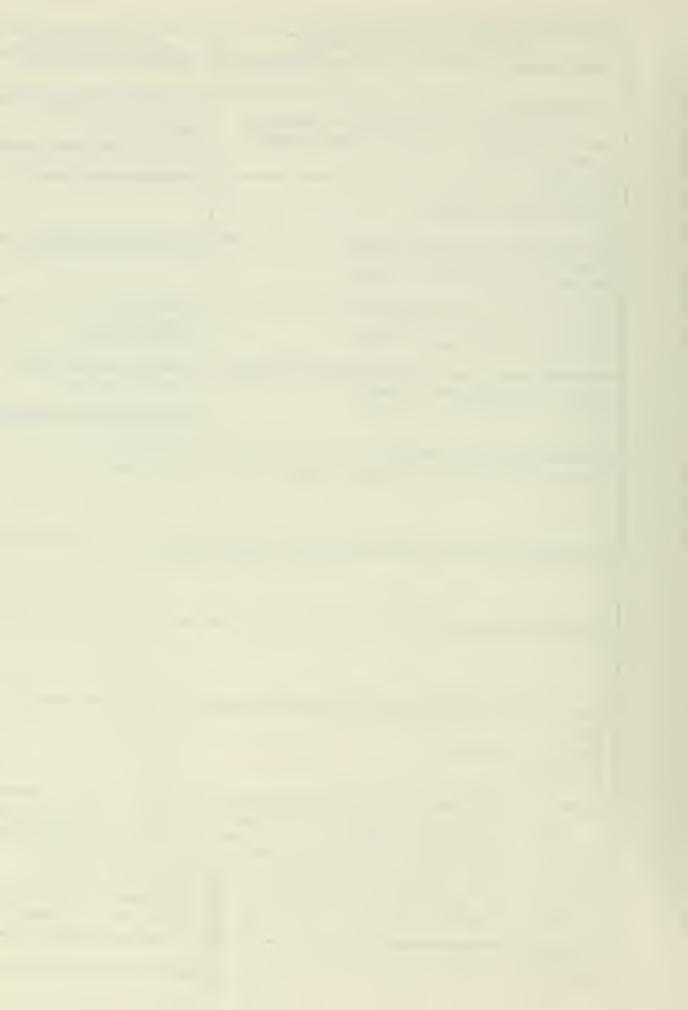
VOSL Requisitions Short Simulation 9-COG Funding

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identily by block number)

Control in the management of stocks of retail material (DSA) at Navy stock points is exercised through a centrally administered stocking policy model (VOSL) and funding policy. The dynamic behavior of these controls operating on a stock point was investigated by computer simulation. The simulation results indicate that under the most favorable circumstances, the value of resupply orders directed by the VOSL stocking model exceeded

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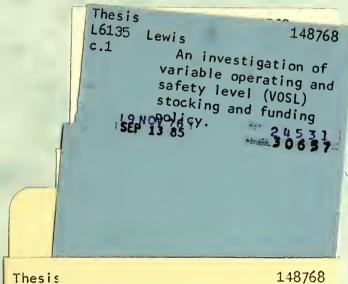


(20. ABSTRACT continued)

the grants made by the funding policy. Under less favorable, more realistic conditions, the difference between funding requirements and funding grants is more marked and supply performance degrades very significantly over time. The funding dilemma investigated in this study is well known to Navy stock points and they have devised various ways of attempting to deal with it. Significantly, even in a climate of insufficient funding, system stock policies (VOSL) provide better performance than locally devised policies.

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Thesis L6135

Lewis

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